Dark Matter Complementarity in the phenomenological MSSM

Ahmed Ismail
ANL/UIC

Dark Matter at the LHC
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1305.6921, 1307.8444
with Matthew Cahill-Rowley, Randy Cotta, Alex Drlica-Wagner, Stefan Funk, JoAnne Hewett, Tom Rizzo, and Matthew Wood

Complementarity in SUSY

- Standard neutralino dark matter in the MSSM with R-parity is a flexible tool, despite not encompassing other interesting scenarios
- Motivates study of how well different approaches at DM experiments and colliders work together to see SUSY
- Simplified frameworks often used to estimate sensitivity, but useful to consider more complete models too, especially to solve other problems at the same time

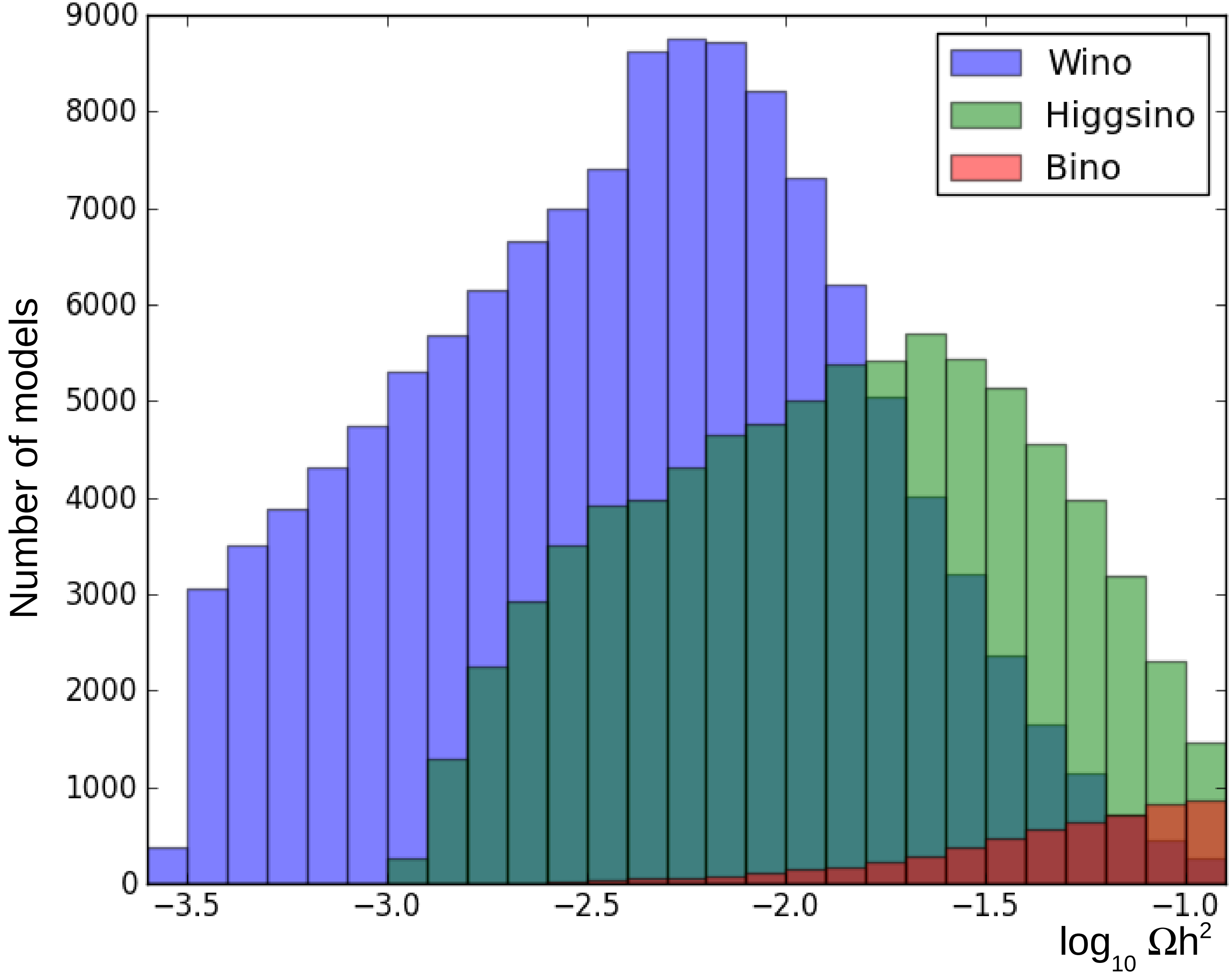
Complementarity in SUSY

- Goal: study a set of full, realistic MSSM spectra with neutralino LSPs, remaining agnostic about SUSY breaking
- Do not require LSP to saturate relic density
- Sparticle masses are scanned up to 4 TeV, giving LSPs from 40 GeV to ~2 TeV
- Study models at the LHC as well as current and future experiments searching for dark matter – direct detection, neutrino telescopes, indirect detection

The phenomenological MSSM

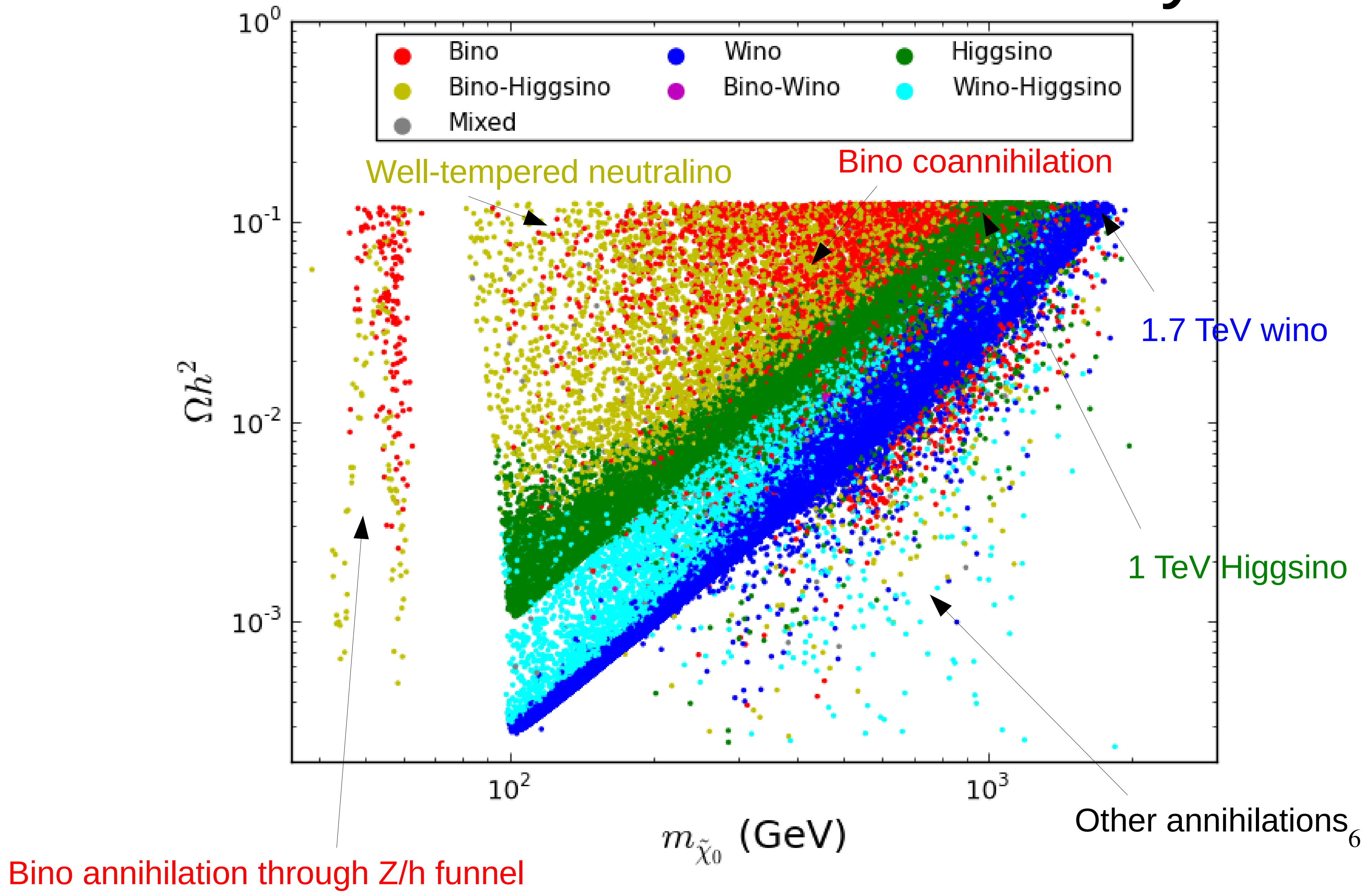
- The full MSSM has 105 new free parameters, many of which are strongly constrained
- Impose minimal flavor violation, diagonal sparticle mass matrices with degenerate first two generations, CP conservation
- Generated random points in resulting 19-dim. space passing precision EW, flavor, DM constraints
- Produced set of ~2.2×10^5 consistent models in late 2011

Neutralino LSP relic density

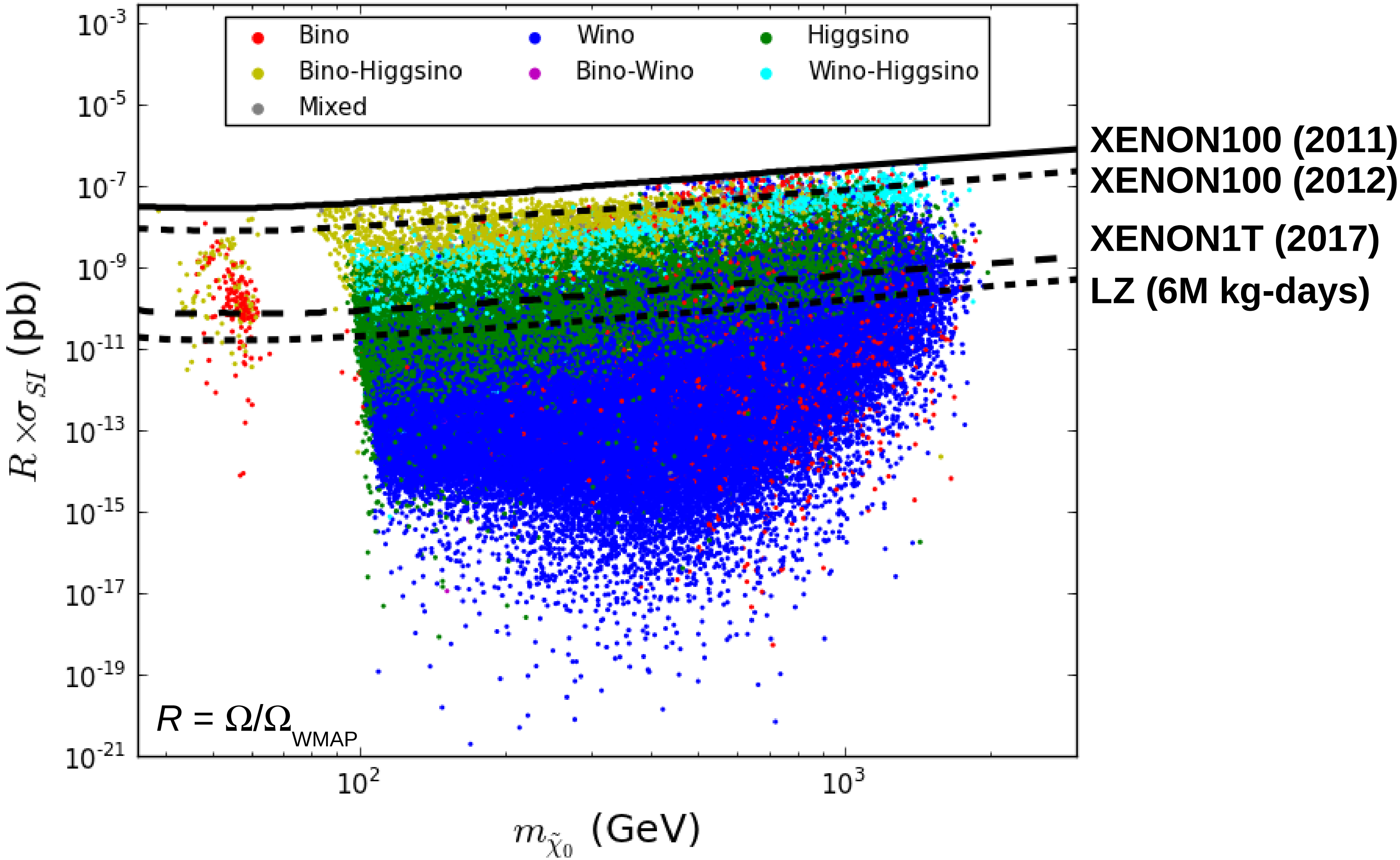


Impose WMAP as upper bound *only*

Neutralino LSP relic density



Direct detection

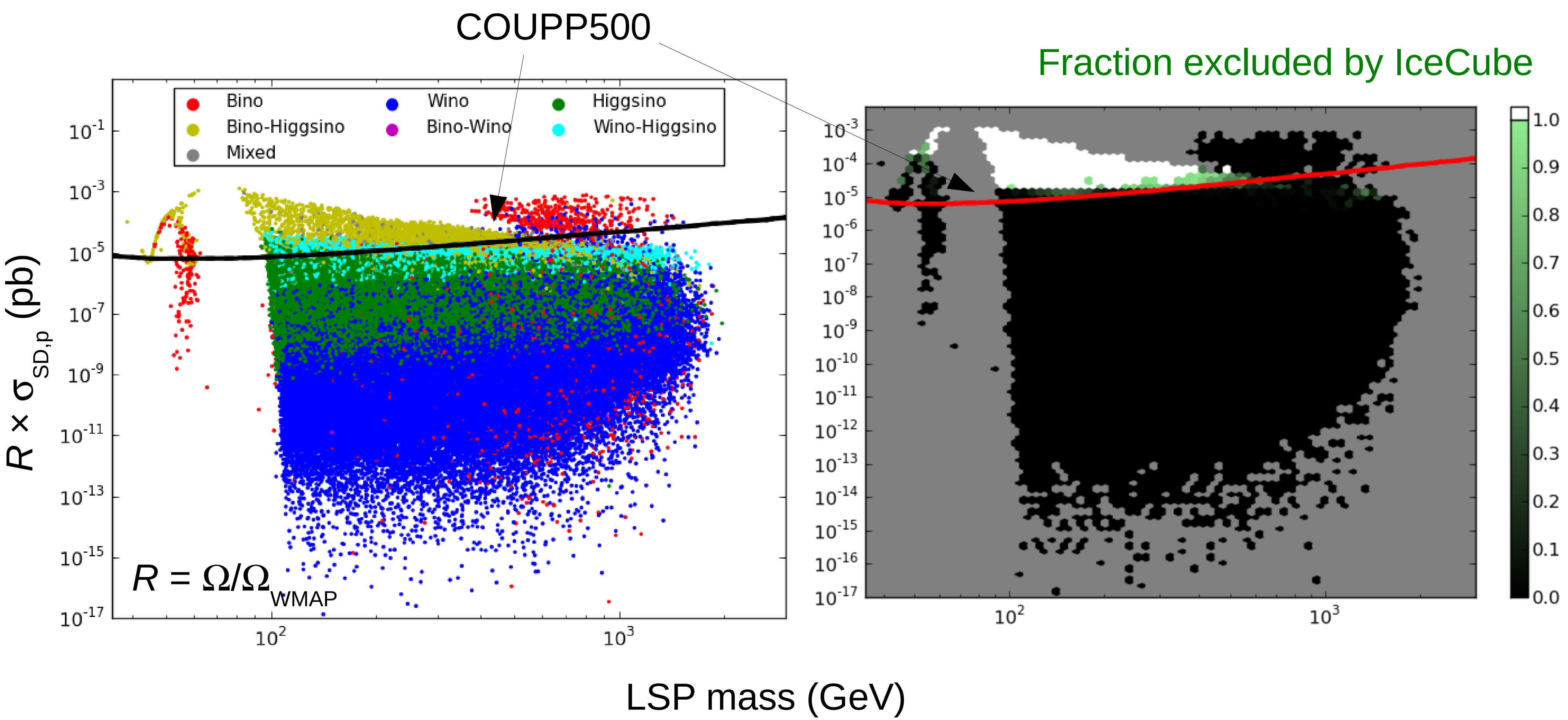


XENON1T (LUX + ZEPLIN) can exclude 23% (38%) of models
COUPP500 can exclude 2% through SD detection

IceCube

- LSP capture in the sun and subsequent annihilation produces high energy neutrinos
- Calculate ν flux for each model, because annihilations go to different final states
- Also need to check capture-annihilation equilibrium; 48% of our models do not have these processes balanced in the sun, typically giving a low ν flux!
- See 1105.1199 for more details

IceCube

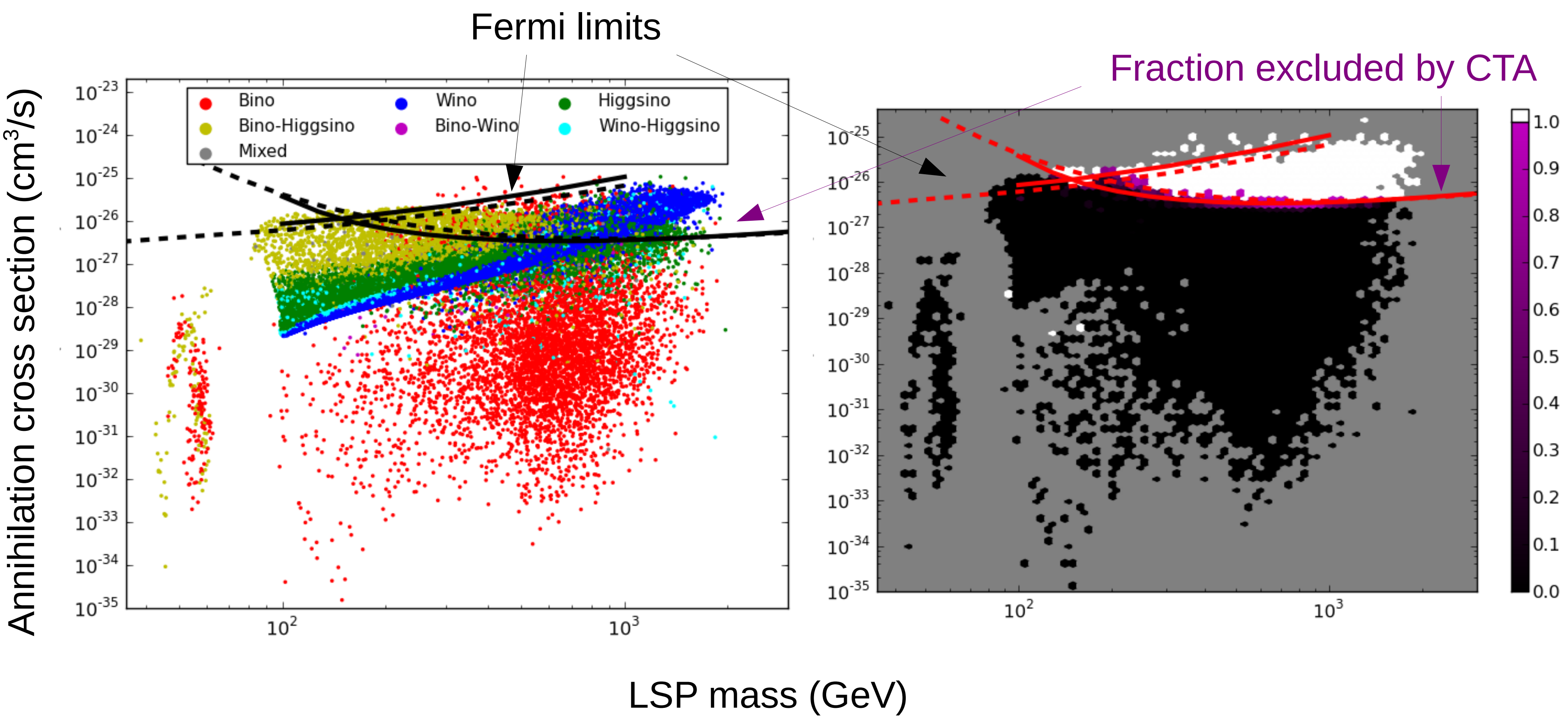


1.2% of models will be excluded by 5 years of IceCube data
Only sensitive to bino-Higgsino mixtures!
Pure eigenstate LSPs survive due to poor capture or annihilation

Indirect detection

- The LSP annihilates to some mixture of the standard decay modes bb, WW, $\tau\tau$, as well as others
- Calculate γ ray spectrum from annihilations for each model separately
- Fermi LAT two year dwarf analysis (1111.2604) + 10x improvement (0.1%)
- CTA with US contribution with 500 hours of exposure to galactic center SR (19%)

Indirect detection

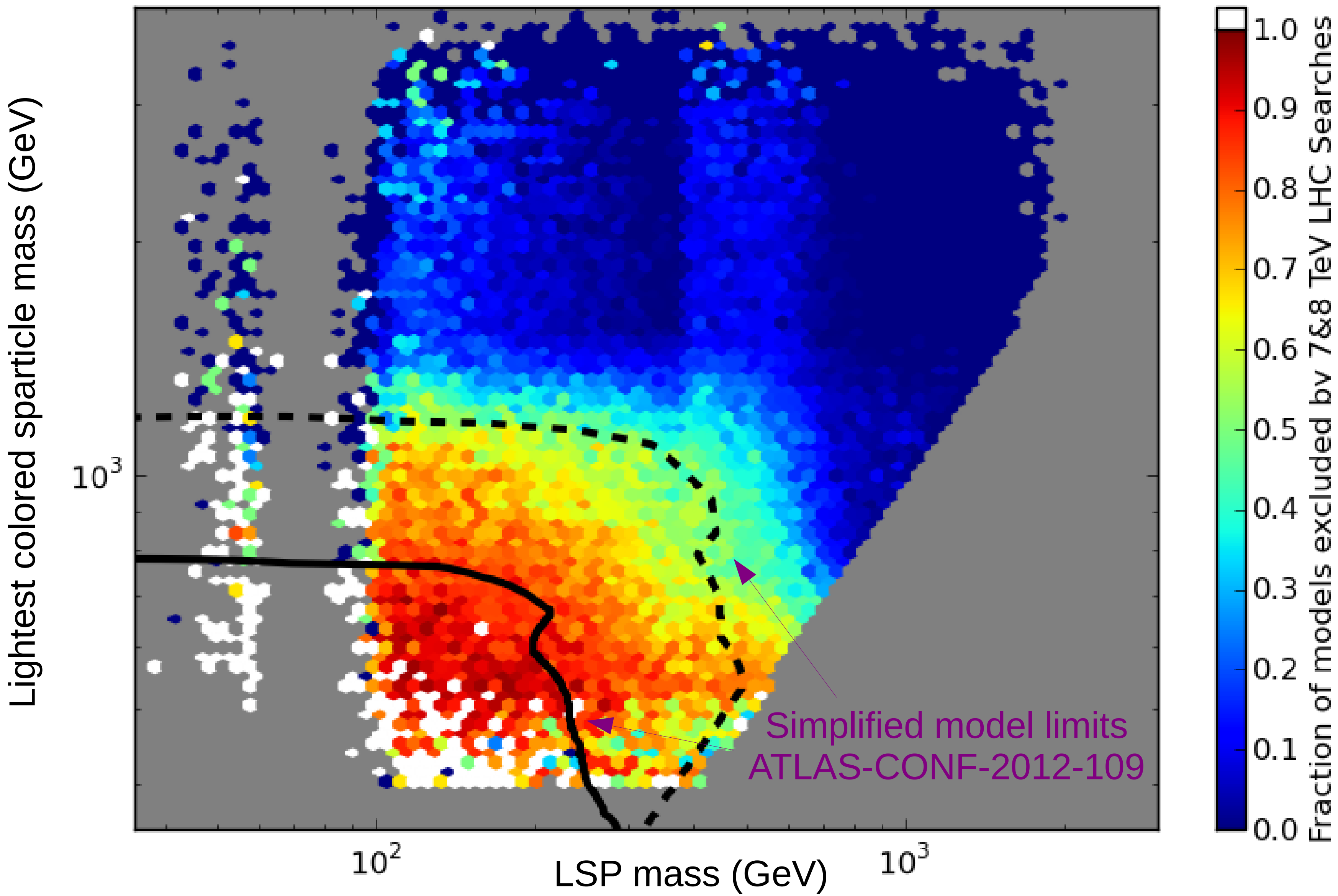


Fermi better at lower masses, CTA dominates for heavy LSP
Heavy coannihilating binos have very low annihilation cross sections, and won't be excluded by CTA (or LHC!)

LHC searches

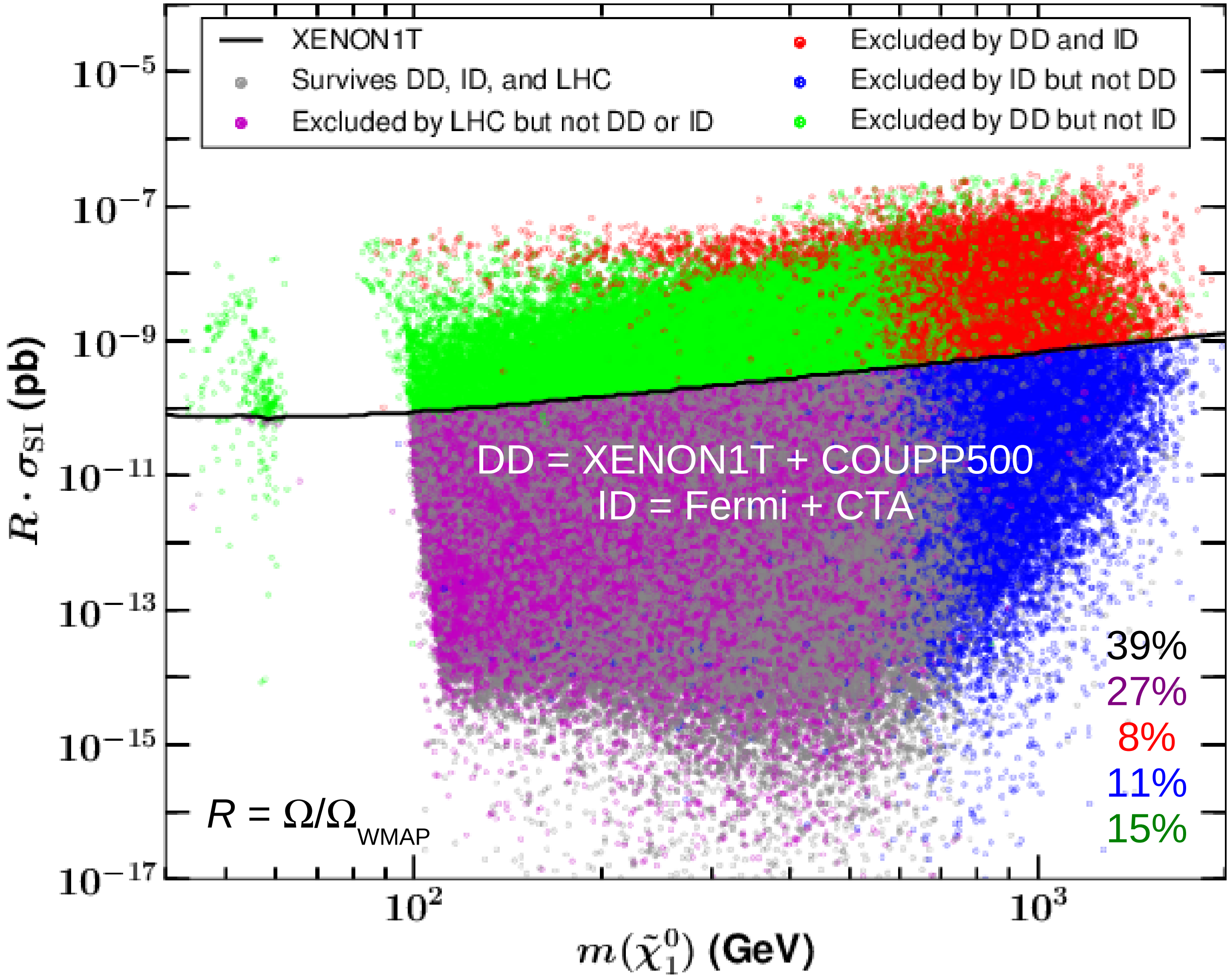
- Generate SUSY events for each model with PYTHIA/Prospino/PGS; codes modified!
- Input relevant MET-based SUSY searches up to March 2013, generally following ATLAS
- Non-MET searches also included
- Mono-X *not* implemented, but much less important than jets+MET for complete spectra
- LHC is more powerful than in minimal DM frameworks due to plethora of new colored particles

LHC



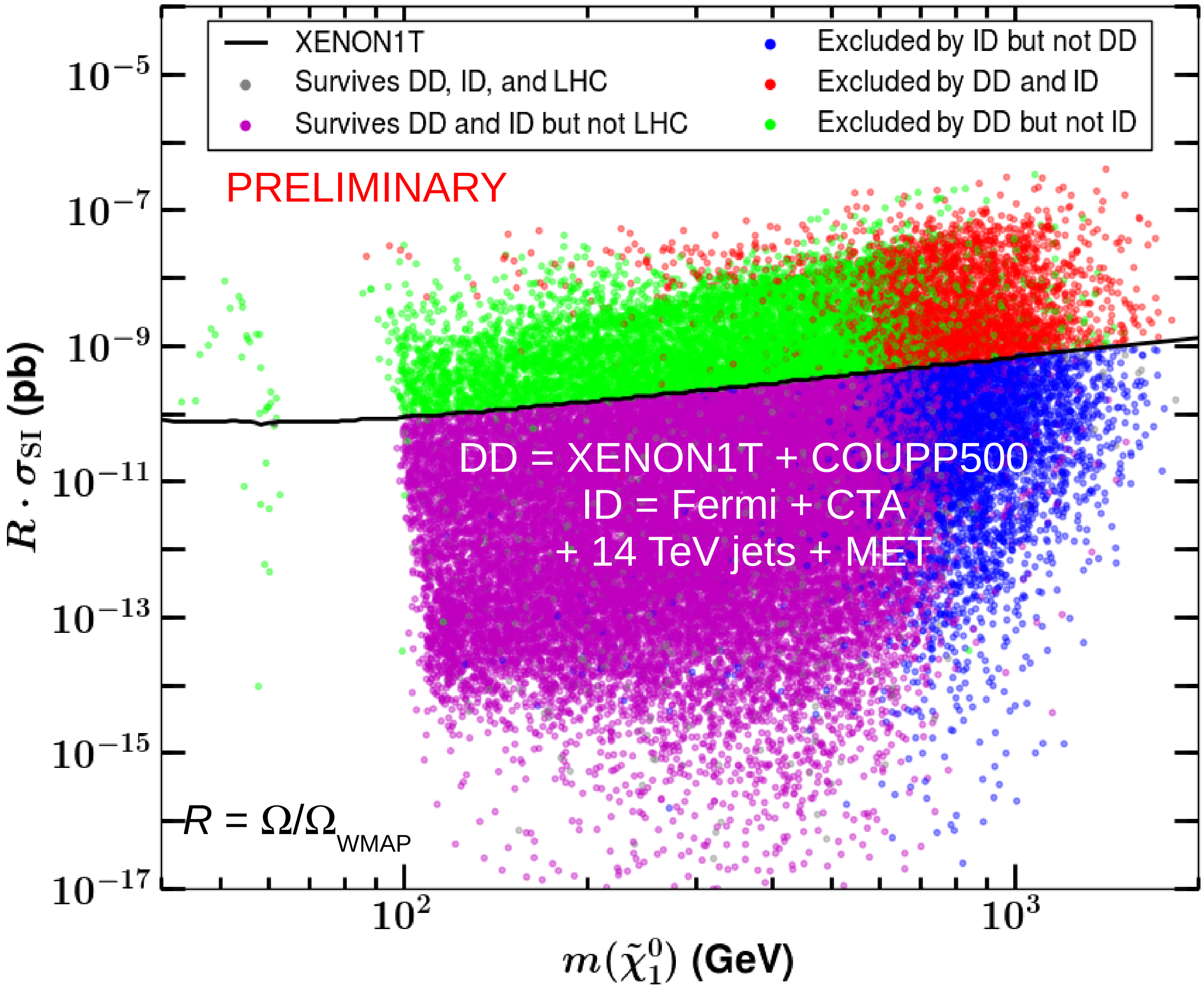
Strong production *and* phase space between LCP and LSP matters

Search complementarity



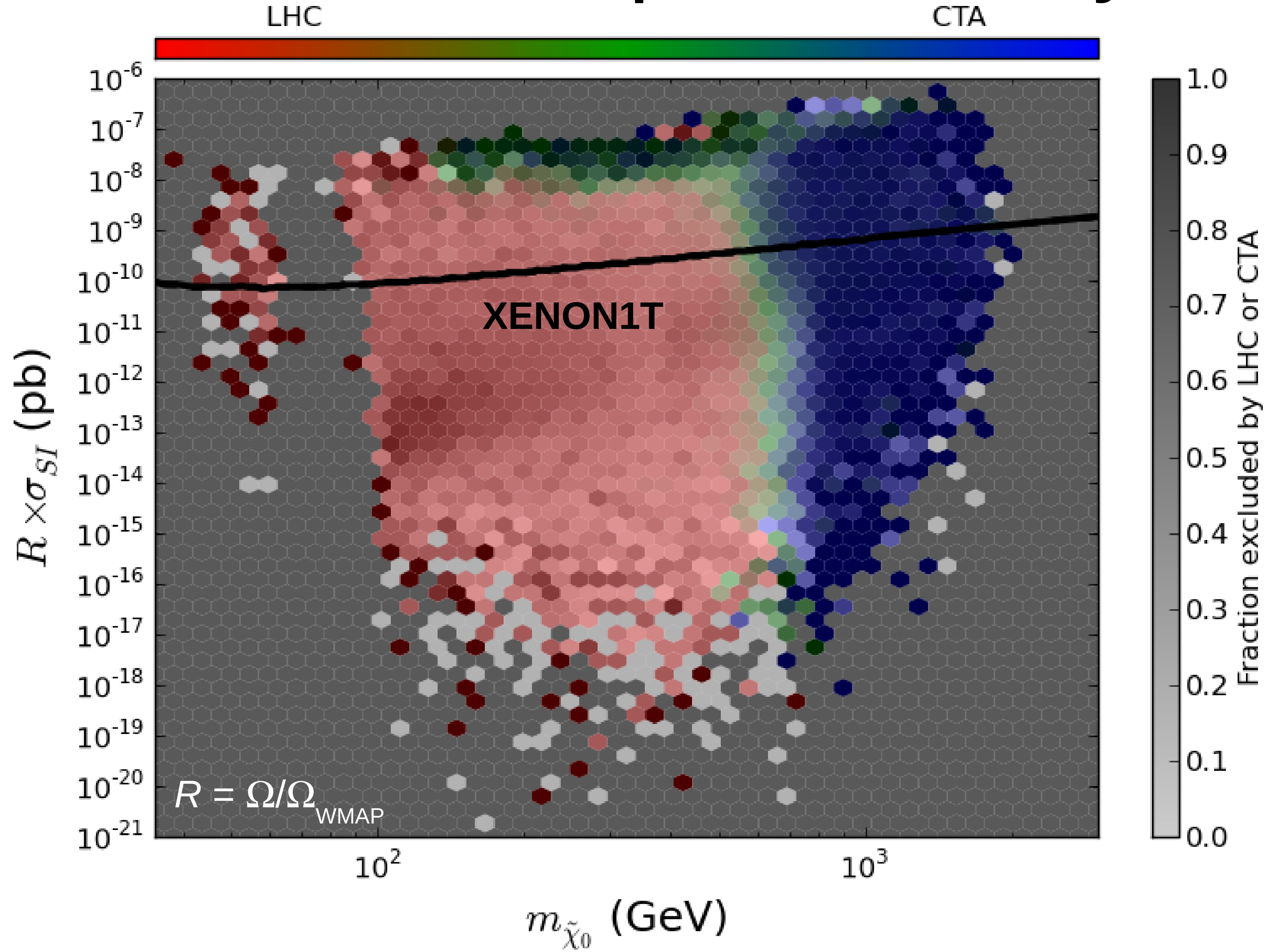
Direct and indirect detection probe distinct regions!

14 TeV LHC projection



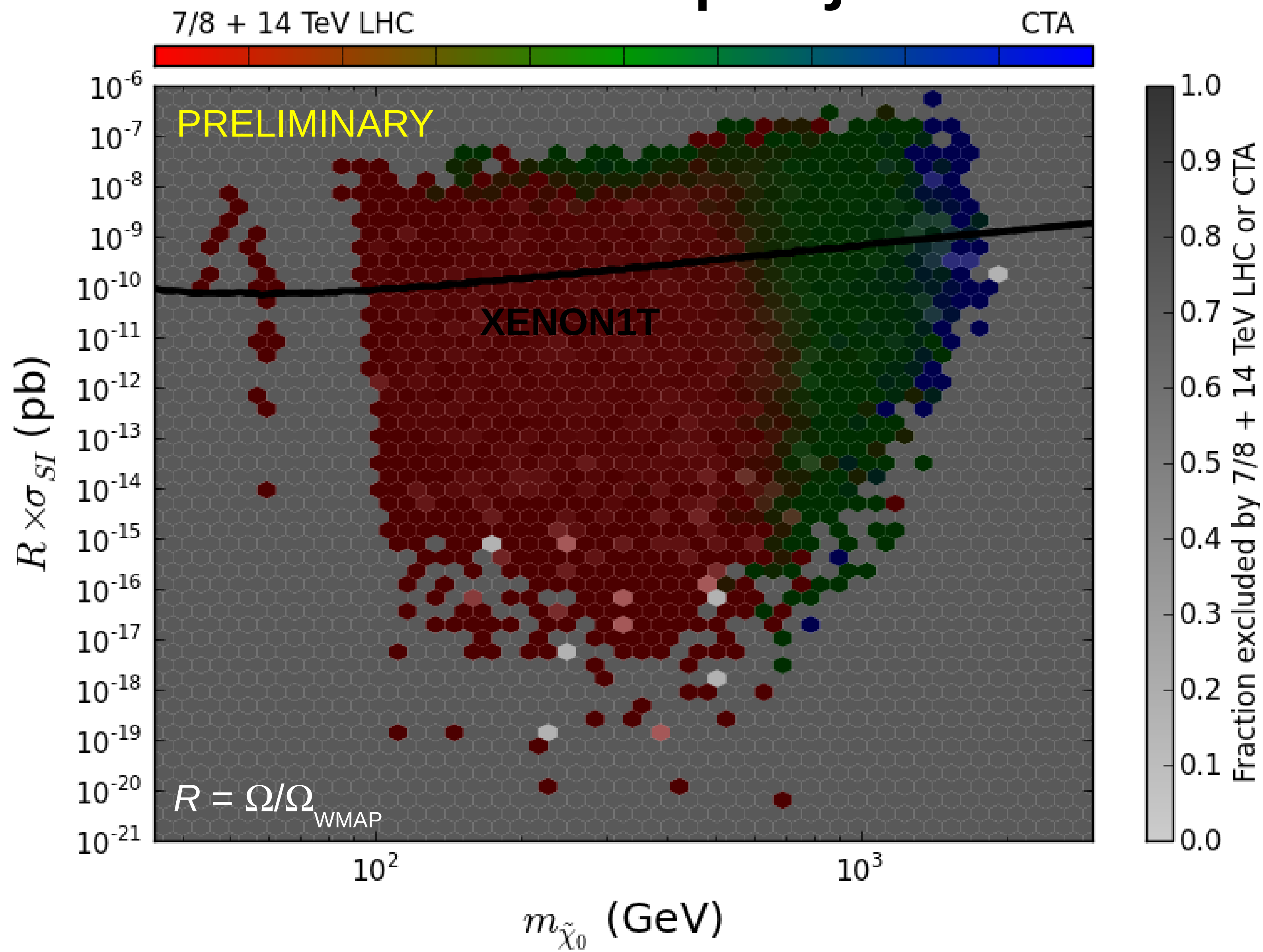
ATLAS (and CMS) can probe unseen models at 14 TeV

Search complementarity



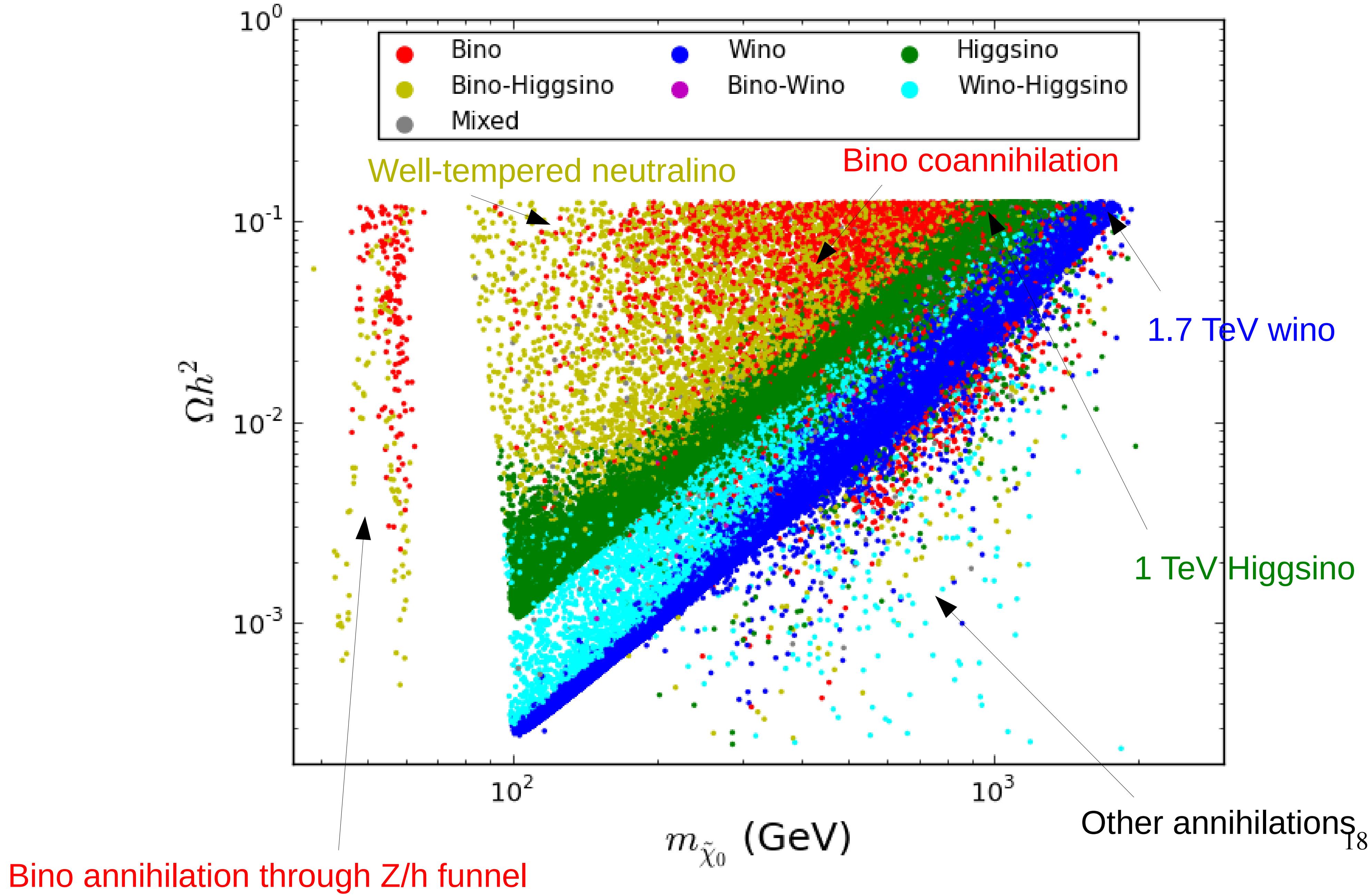
LHC, CTA, and XENON1T act orthogonally and exclude many models

14 TeV LHC projection

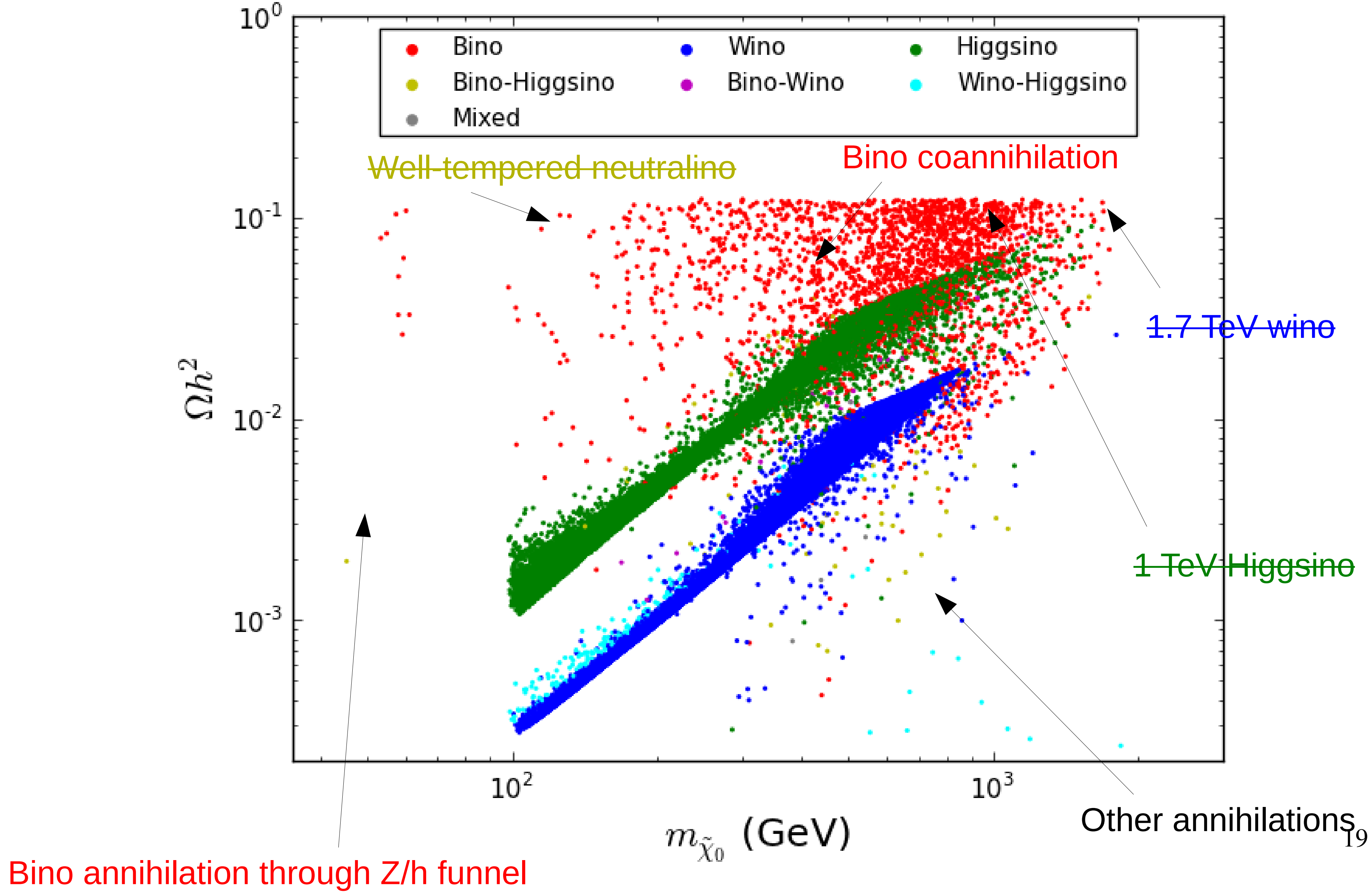


Again, 14 TeV jets + MET can significantly increase coverage

So what's left of this?



After LHC Run I + current/future DM



Lessons learned

- The LHC can fill in many of the holes in coverage left by dark matter experiments, especially in complete theories with numerous new colored states
- If DM searches are fruitless, remaining pMSSM points that *do* have right relic density have (co)annihilating bino LSPs, to be probed by 14 TeV LHC
- Spin-independent direct detection, CTA, and the LHC are expected to be the most powerful searches for the pMSSM in the near future

Backup

The phenomenological MSSM

- 19 free parameters of the phenomenological MSSM
- M_1, M_2, M_3, μ, $\tan\beta$, M_A, $q_{1,3}$, $u_{1,3}$, $d_{1,3}$, $l_{1,3}$, $e_{1,3}$, $A_{t,b,\tau}$
- Generate random points in this parameter space, and test vs. experimental constraints
- Surviving points go into model set, which is then tested against incoming and future data

Matthew Cahill-Rowley, JoAnne Hewett, Stefan Höche, AI, Tom Rizzo, 1206.4321

Model set generation

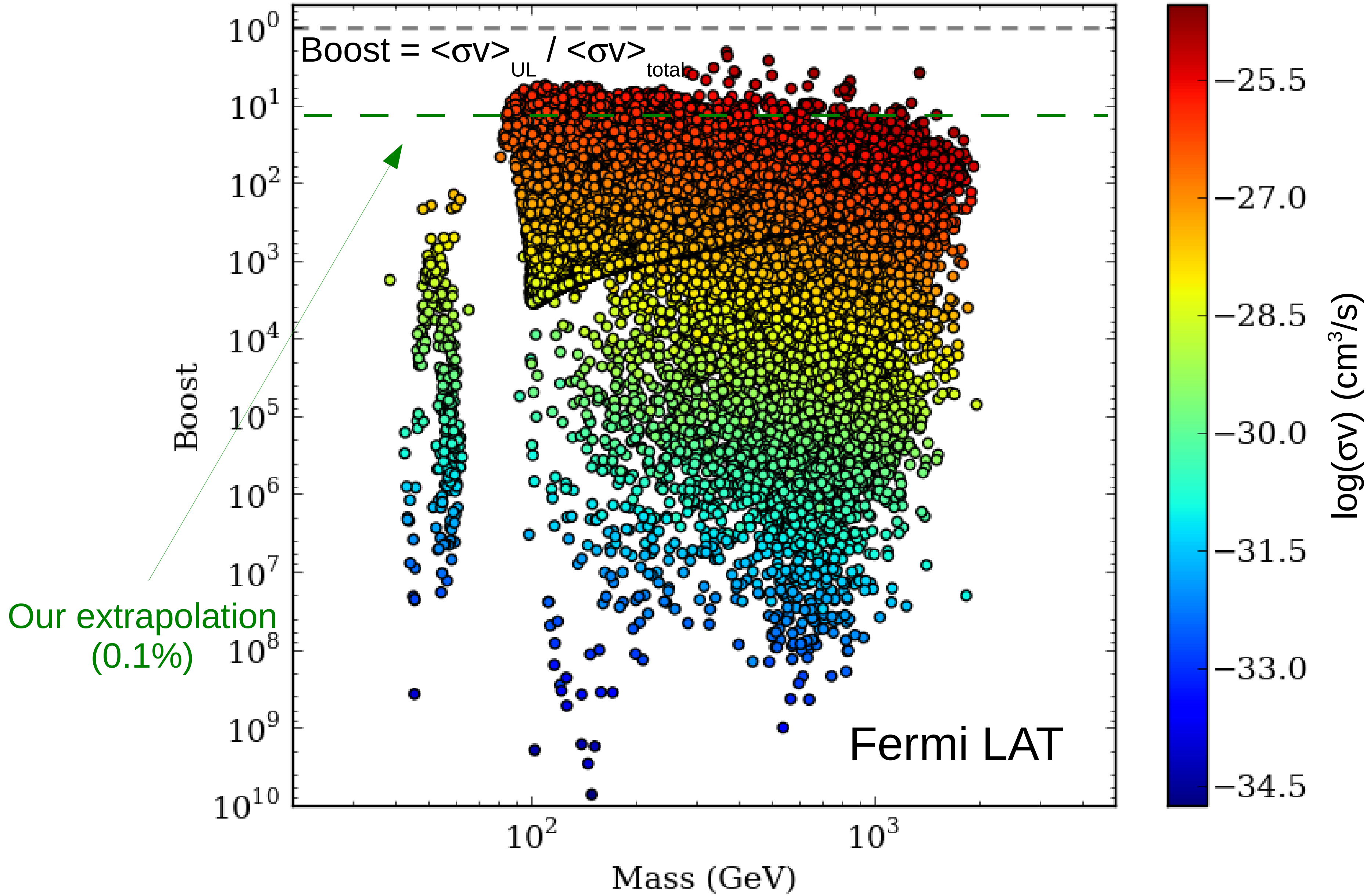
- $50 \text{ GeV} \le |M_1| \le 4 \text{ TeV}$
- $100 \text{ GeV} \le |M_2, \mu| \le 4 \text{ TeV}$
- $400 \text{ GeV} \le M_3 \le 4 \text{ TeV}$
- $1 \le \tan\beta \le 60$
- $100 \text{ GeV} \le M_A, l, e \le 4 \text{ TeV}$
- $400 \text{ GeV} \le q_1, u_1, d_1 \le 4 \text{ TeV}$
- $200 \text{ GeV} \le q_3, u_3, d_3 \le 4 \text{ TeV}$
- $|A_{t,b,\tau}| \le 4 \text{ TeV}$

- Generate spectra for 3×10^6 points in 19 dimensional parameter space, requiring lightest neutralino to be LSP
- Spectra are generated with SOFTSUSY and SuSpect, and tossed if there are problems (tachyons, color/charge breaking minima, unbounded scalar potentials) or the generators disagree significantly
- Decay tables are calculated with modified versions of SDECAY, HDECAY, MadGraph, and CalcHEP

Model set generation

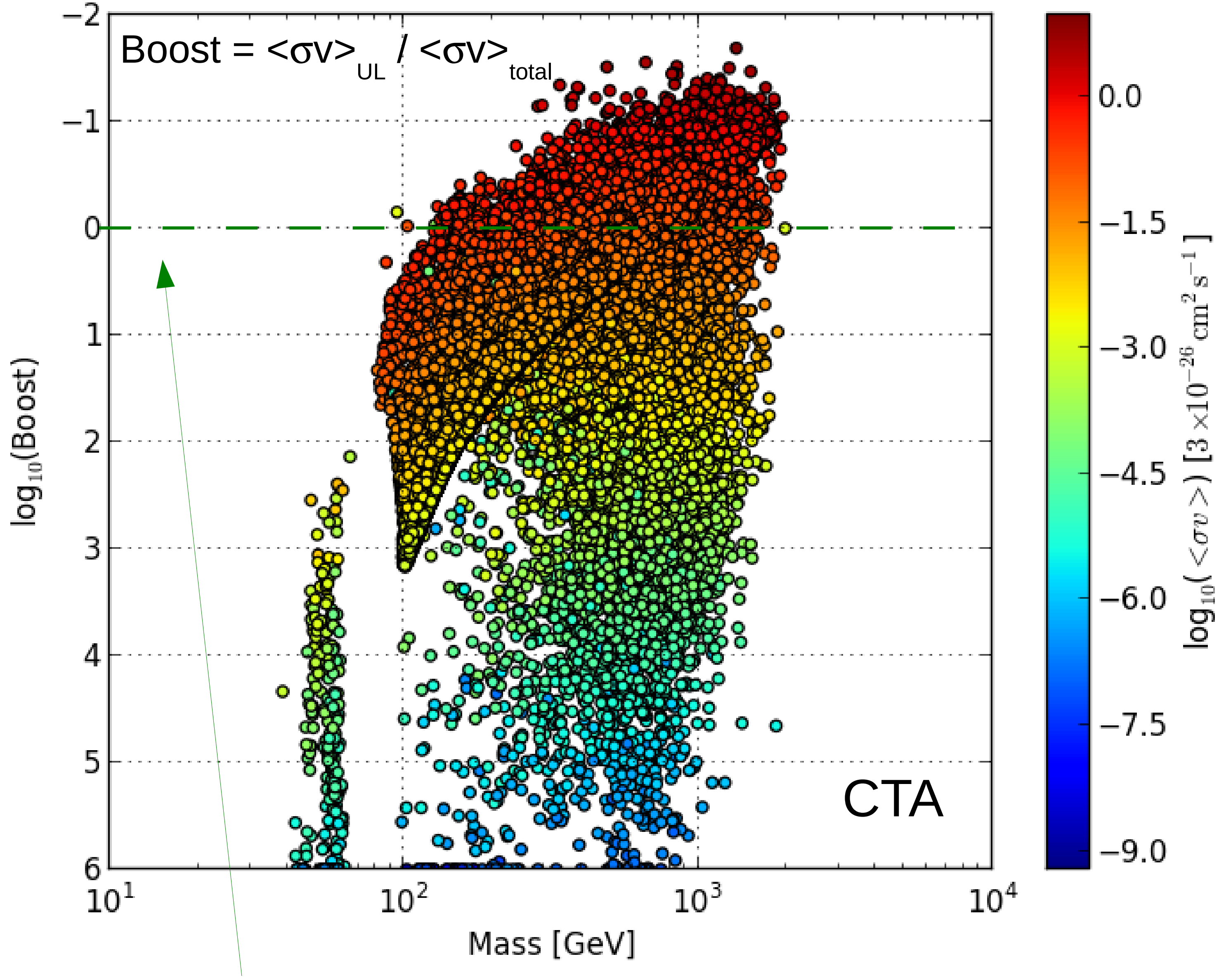
- Impose WMAP7 as upper bound on thermal relic density of lightest neutralino, and check against DM direct detection constraints
- Precision EW constraints: g – 2, invisible width of Z, $\Delta\rho$
- Flavor constraints: $b \to s\gamma$, $B_s \to \mu\mu$, $B \to \tau\nu$
- Require all charged sparticles > 100 GeV
- Apply LHC stable particle, $\Phi \to \tau\tau$ constraints as of 12/2011
- 2×10^5 models left; computationally demanding!

Indirect detection



Two year LAT analysis doesn't exclude any models

Indirect detection



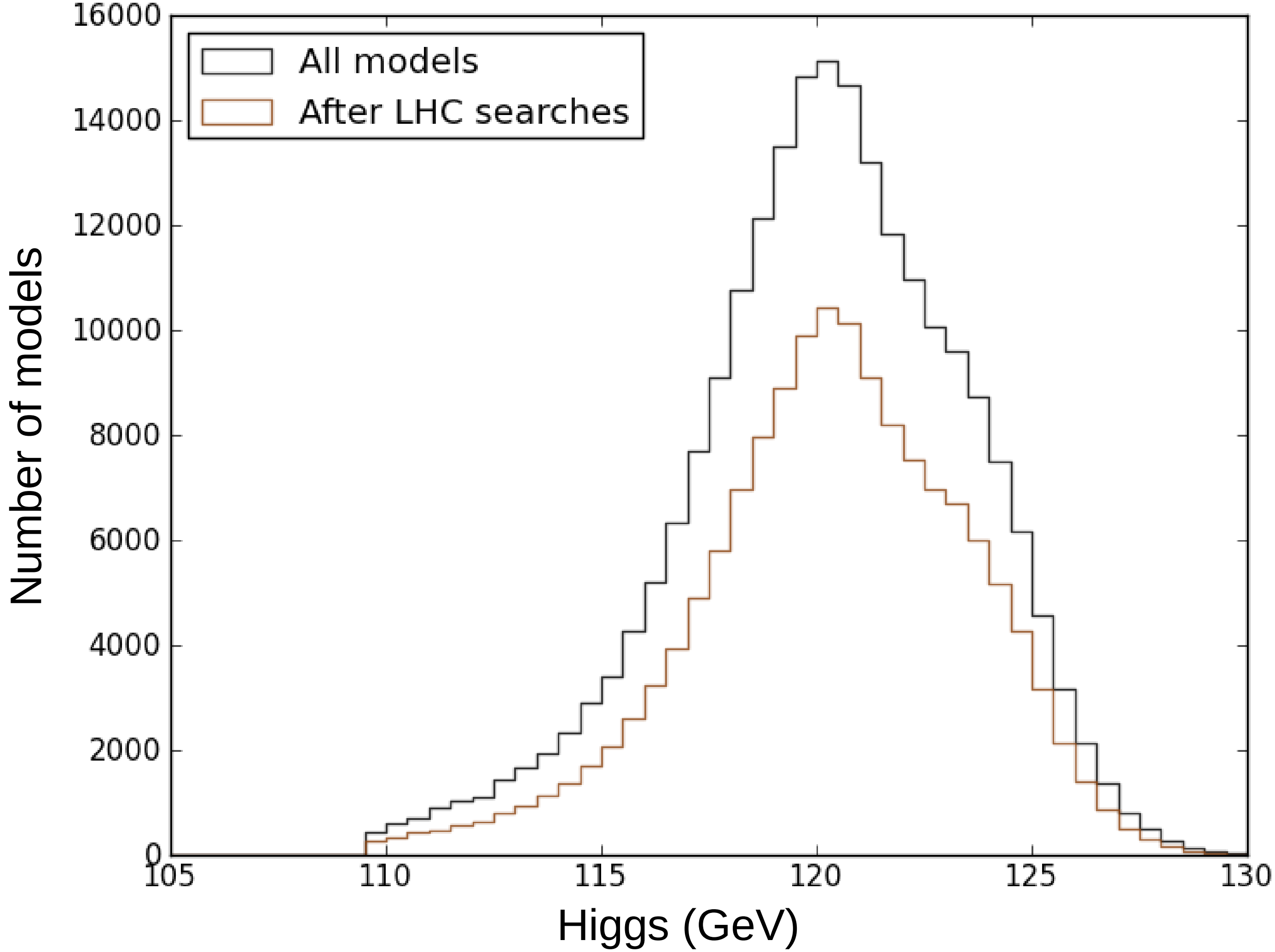
CTA is sensitive to 19% of models!

An aside: the Higgs mass

- This model set was generated *before* the Higgs discovery
- 20% of our models have the lighter CP-even Higgs weighing 126 ± 3 GeV (1206.5800)
- Generally, an MSSM Higgs this heavy requires either heavy stops or large stop mixing
- The LHC results for the subset of our models with a Higgs near 126 GeV are very similar to those for the full model set (1211.1981)
- All other results are completely unaffected

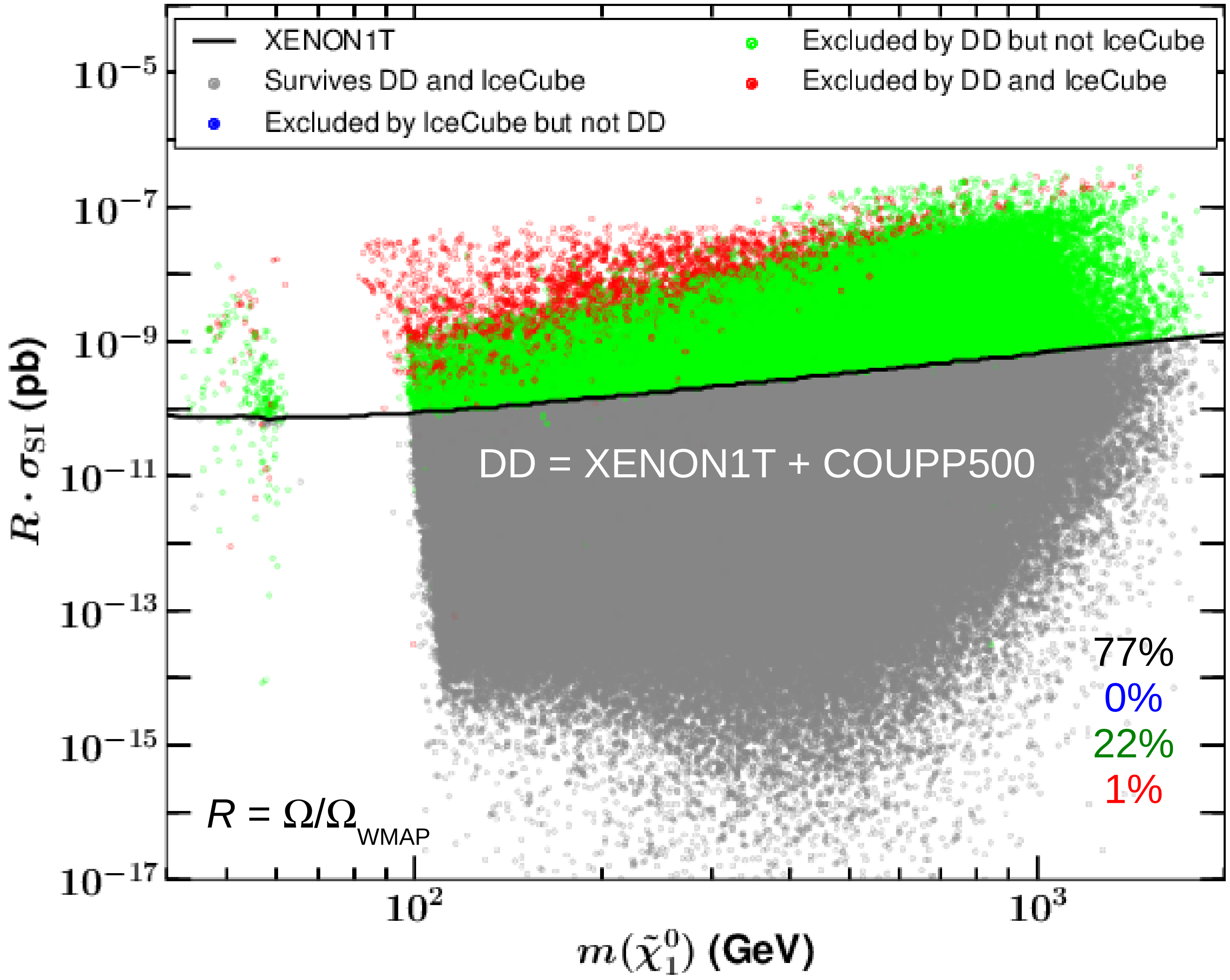
LHC searches

Neutralino LSP



Overall LHC search efficiency nearly completely independent of Higgs mass!

Search complementarity



IceCube won't see any new models beyond 1T direct detection....