

Gas in the first galaxies:

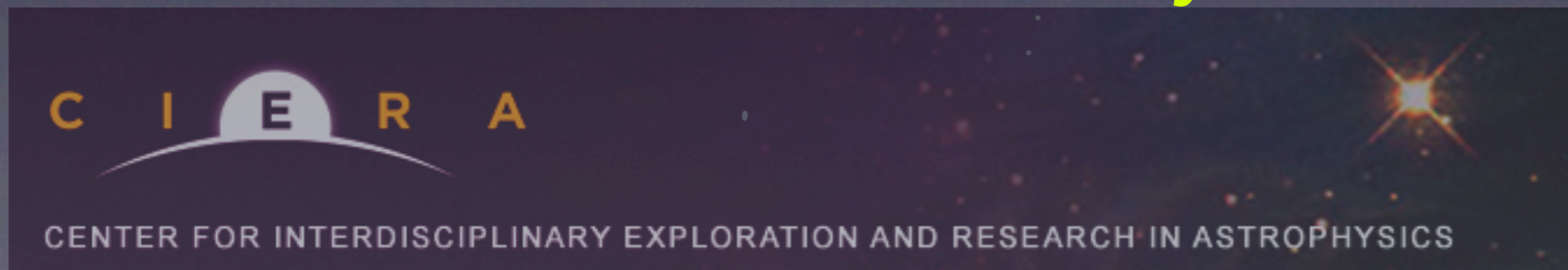
Predictions from linear Theory

Vs

Simulations

GLCW The University of Chicago

Smadar Naoz
Northwestern University



Aim: Gas fraction at high- z

Estimate the minimum halo mass

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1. of which baryon overdensities can still grow (pressure VS gravity)

Linear theory

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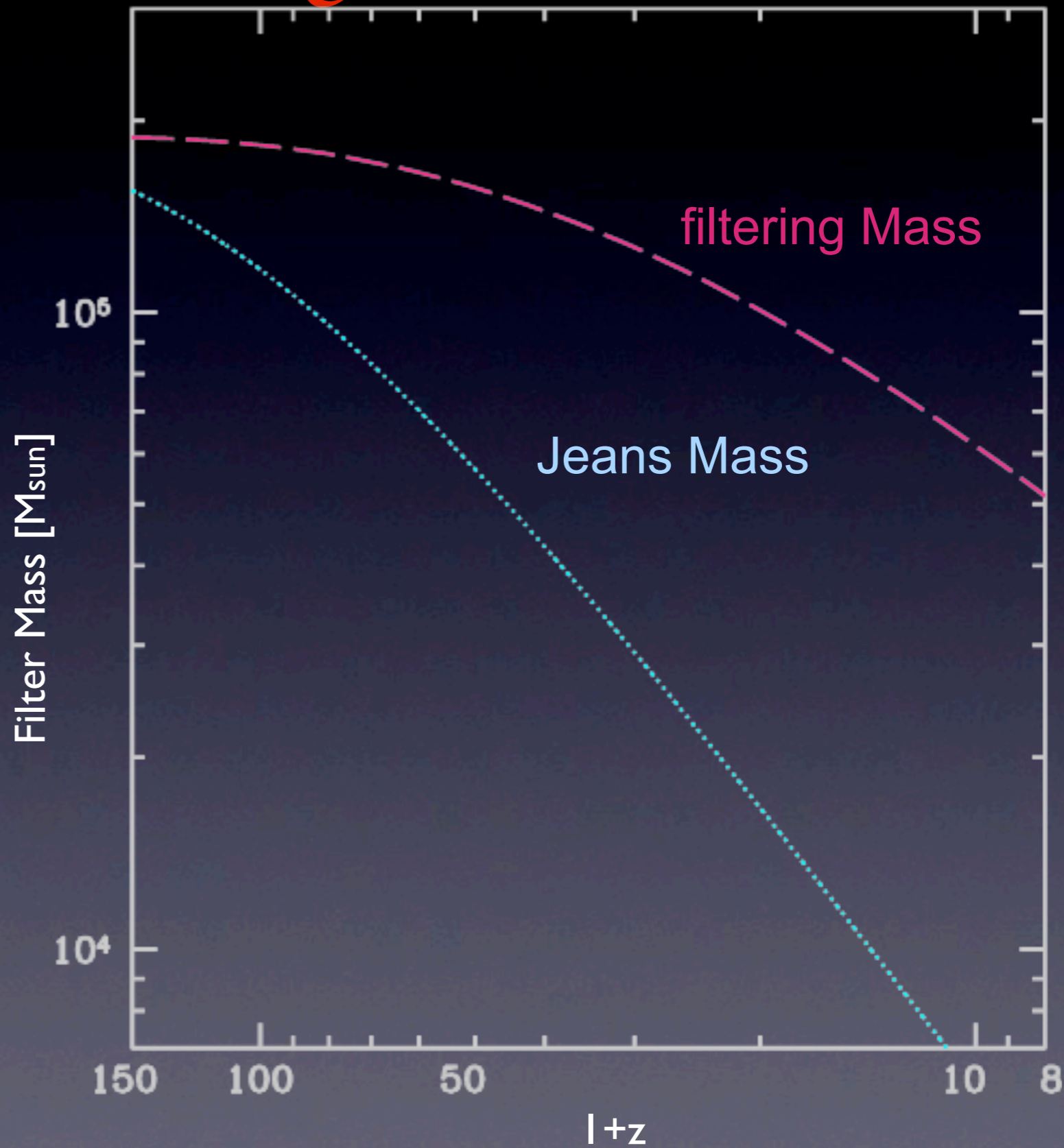
Simulations

Linear theory

1. The filtering mass

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Gnedin & Hui 1998

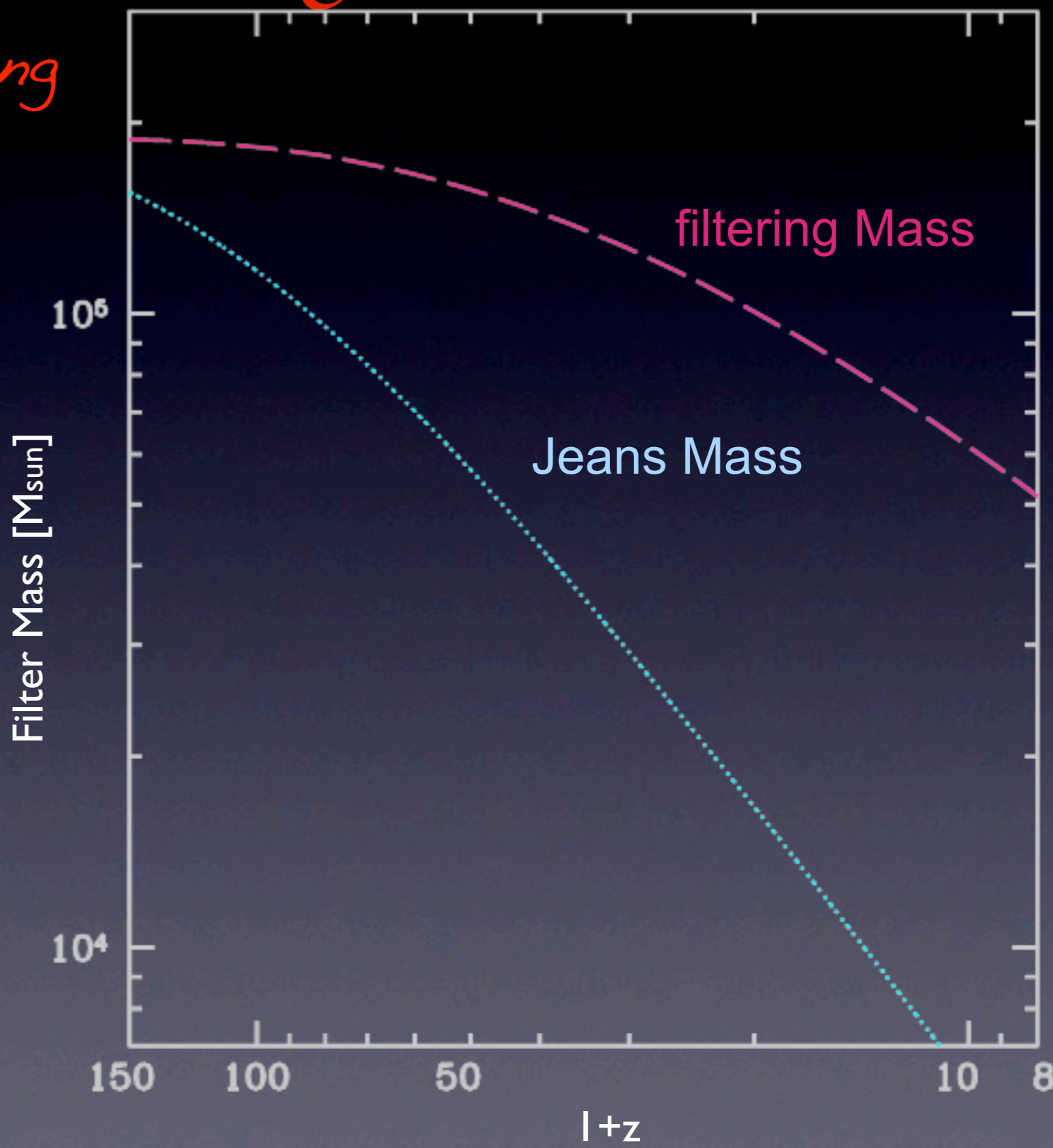
Gnedin 2000

Linear theory

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history:



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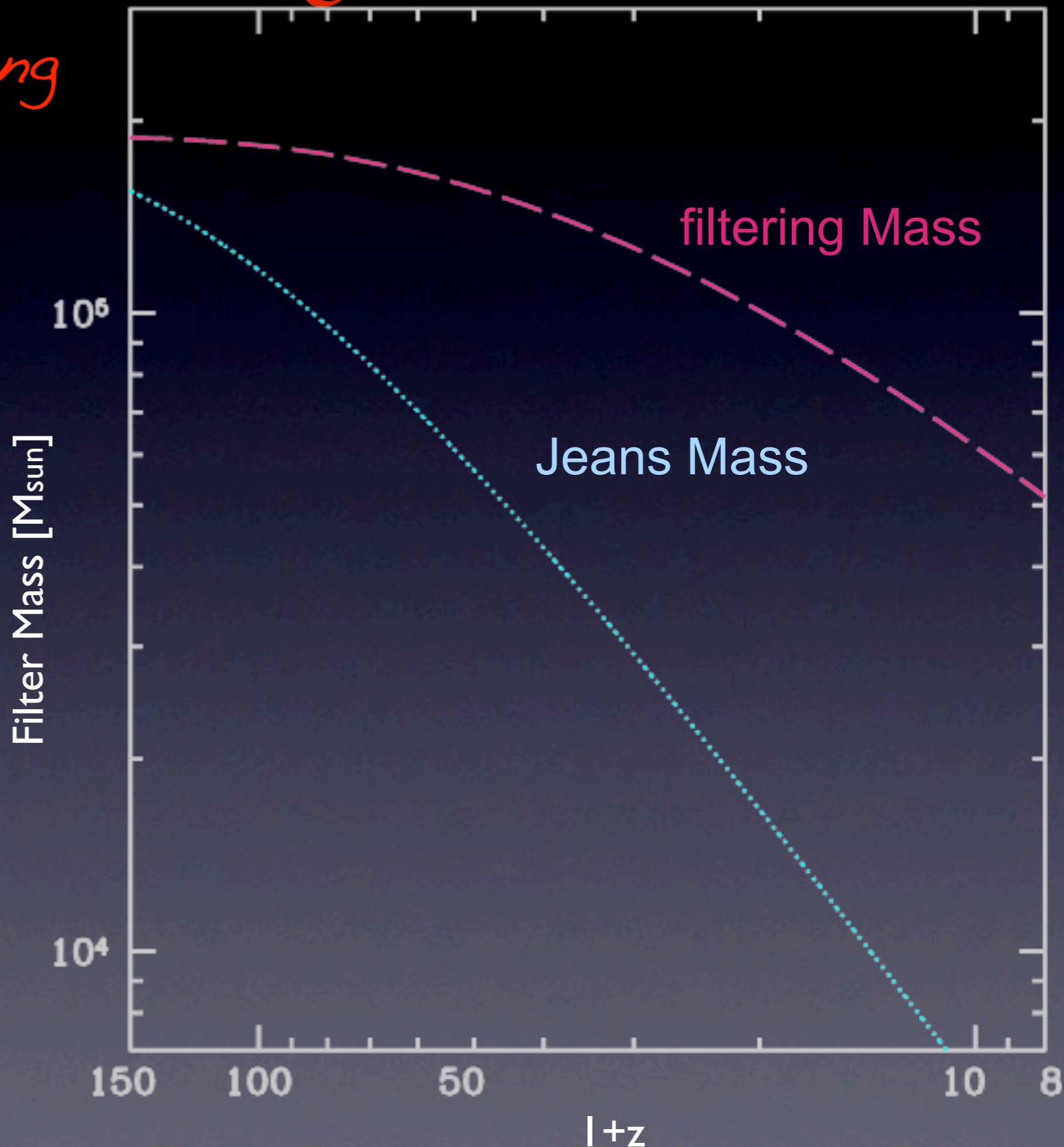
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history:

✓ baryons overdensities are smooth compare to the dark matter

$$\delta_b \neq \delta_{dm}$$



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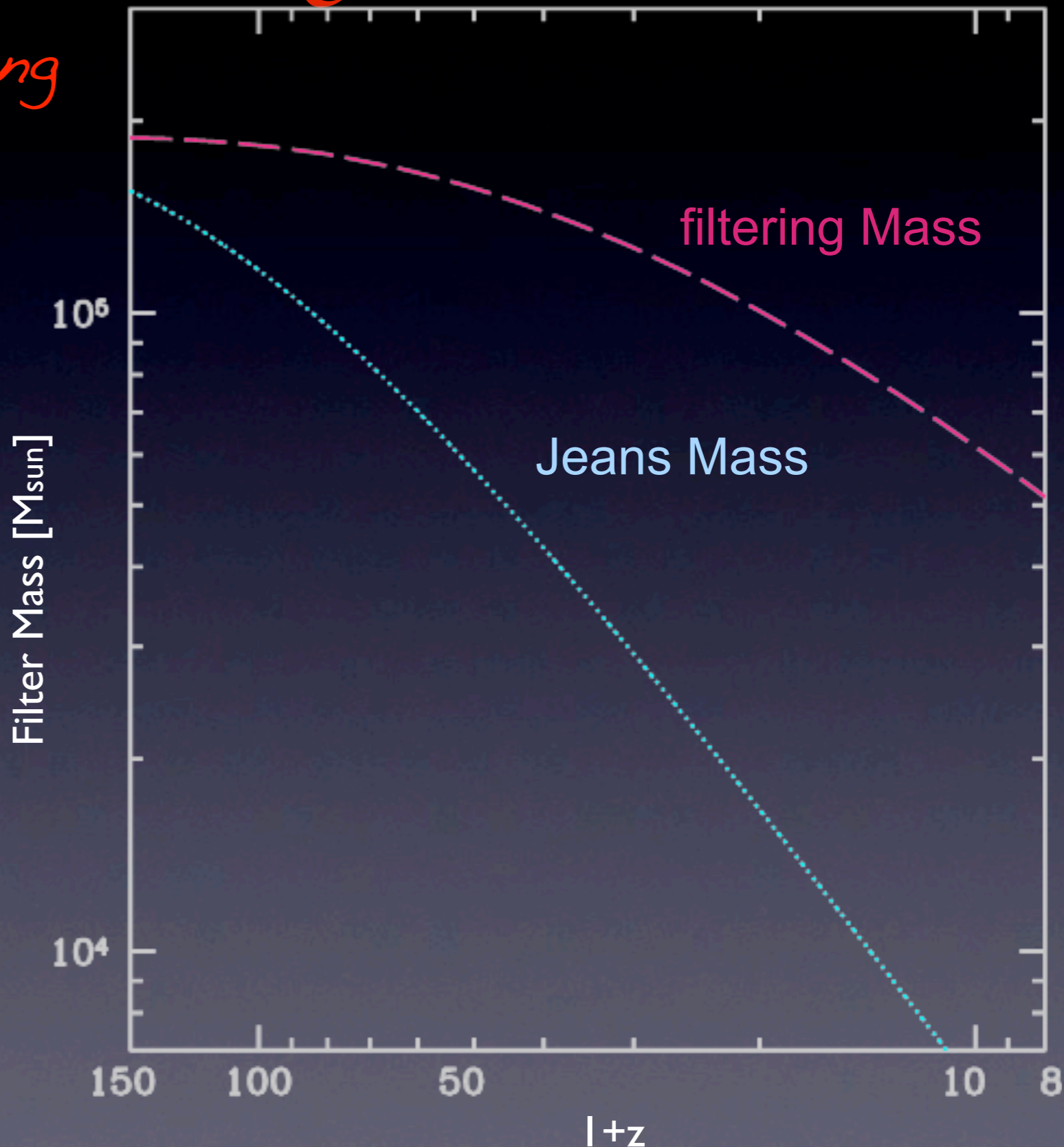
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$$c_s(r) \neq \text{const}$$

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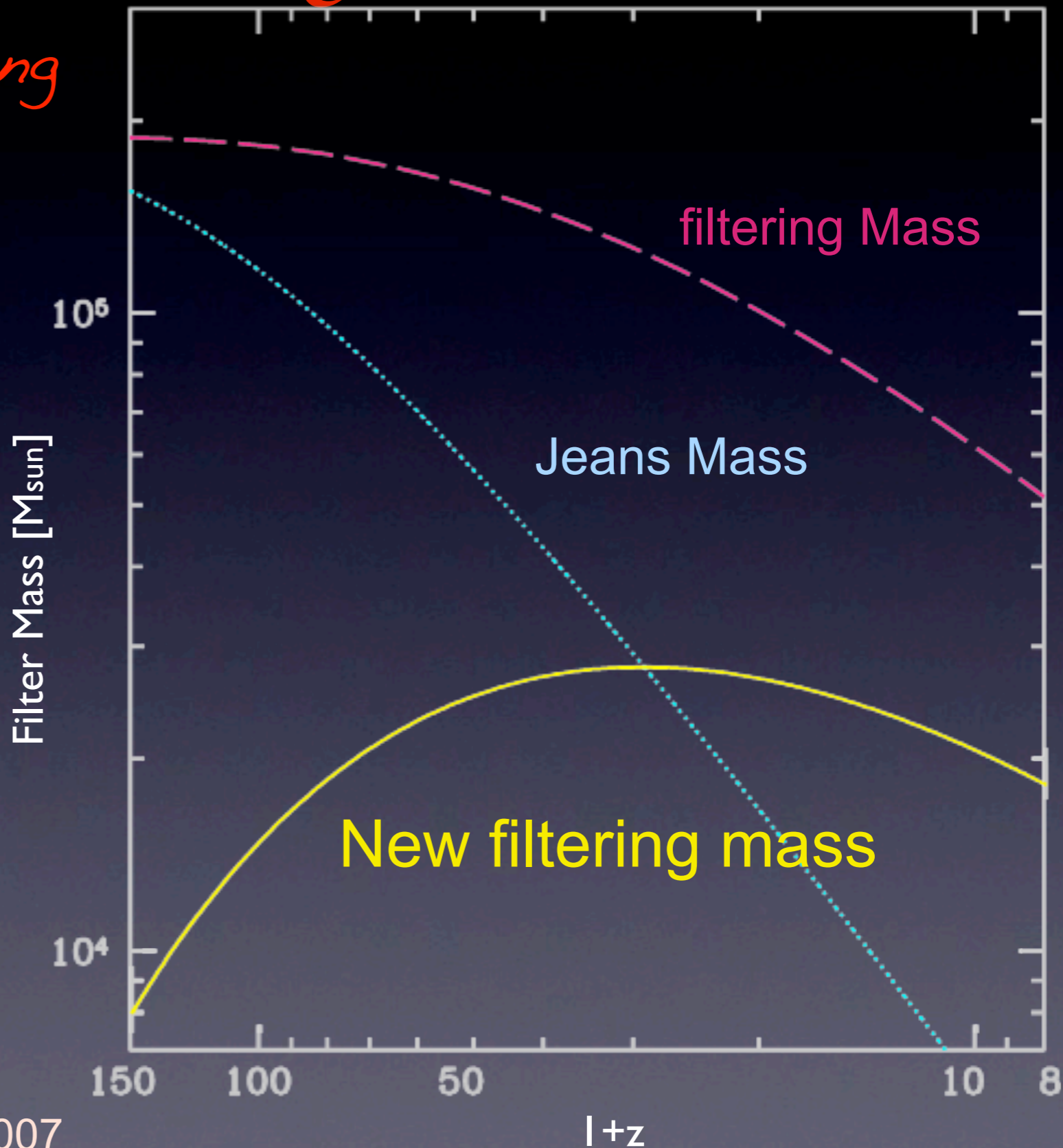
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Naoz & Barkana 2007



Initial conditions (ICs)

Linear theory \rightarrow Simulations

- Complete heating
- $c_s = \text{const}$
- $\delta_b = \delta_{dm}$

Naoz, Yoshida &
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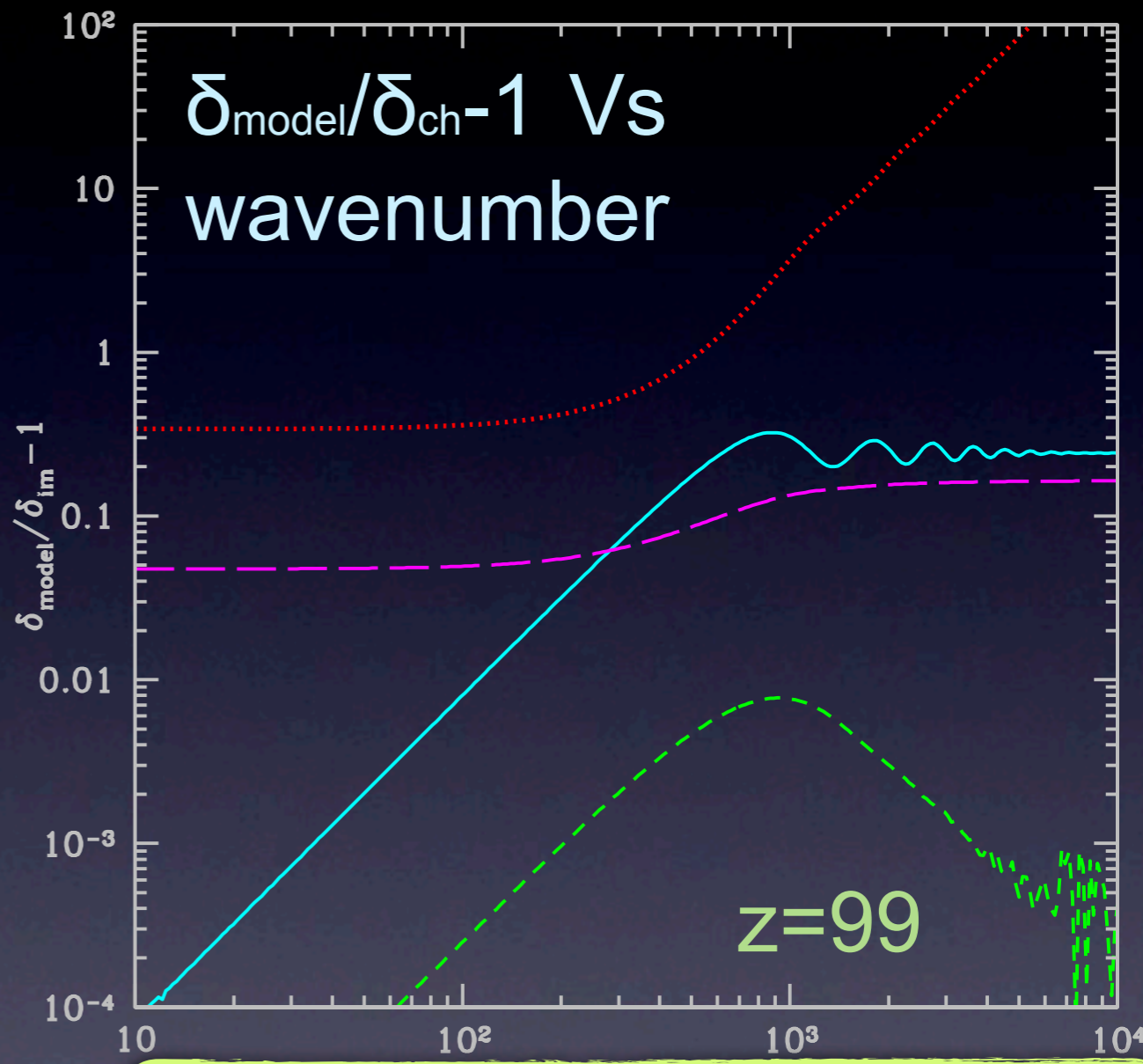
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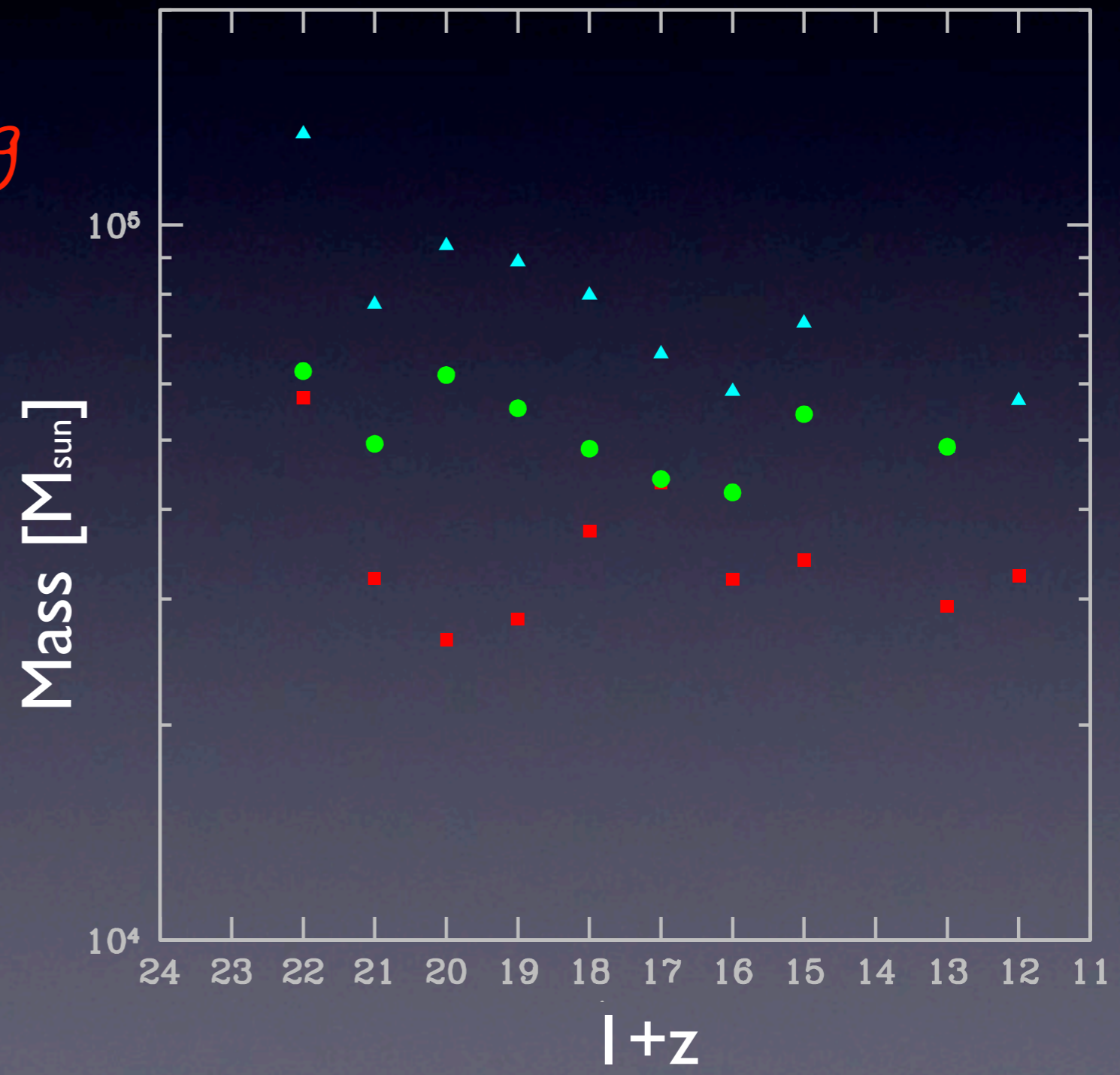
| | |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| $\delta_b = \delta_{dm}$ | C_s |
| Dark Matter | Dark Matter |
| Gas | Gas |

Naoz & Barkana 2005
 Naoz, Yoshida & Barkana 2010

Simulations

The characteristic mass

- Complete heating
- $c_s = \text{const}$
- ▲ $\delta_b = \delta_{dm}$



Naoz, Yoshida & Barkana 2010

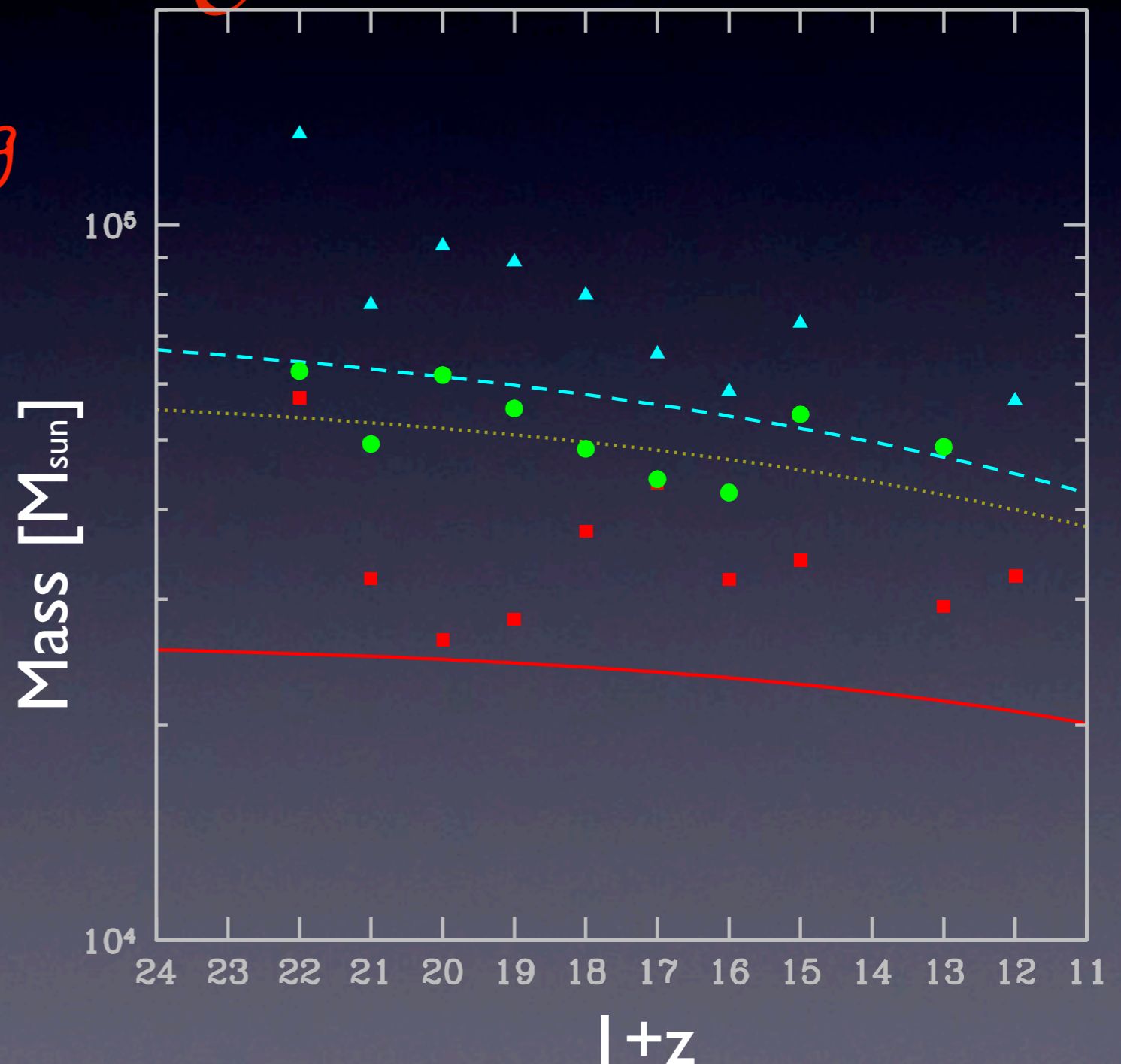
The characteristic mass + filtering mass

■ Complete heating

● $c_s = \text{const}$



curves are the
filtering mass



Naoz, Yoshida & Barkana 2010

Simulations
and
Linear theory

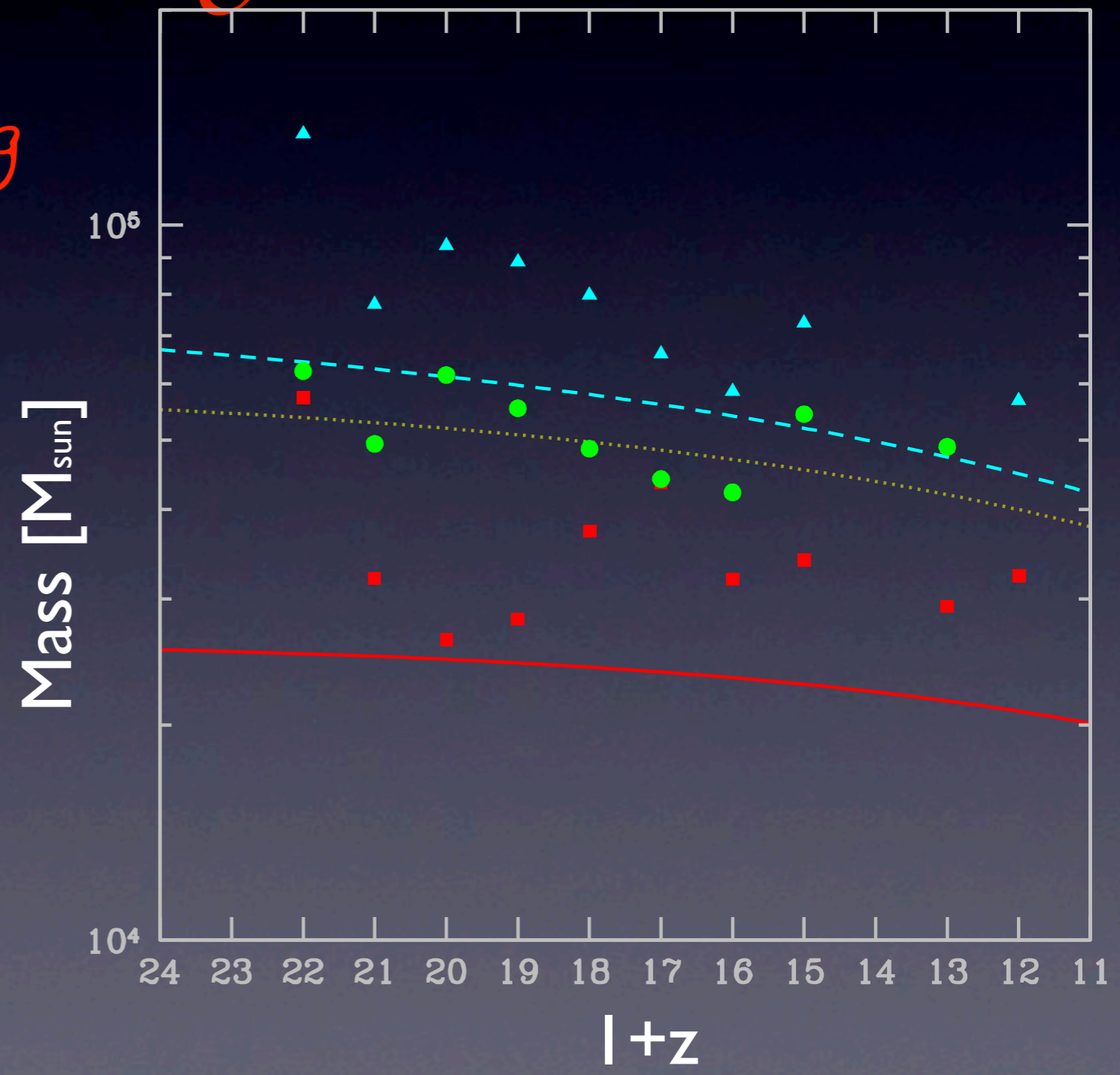
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The punch-line

- Min mass for a halo to keep most of its baryons during formation, before heating $\sim 3 \times 10^4 M_{\text{sun}}$
- Agreement between linear theory (filtering mass) and the mass that keeps most of its baryons
- The min mass that keeps most of its baryons is highly sensitive to ICs